# BULLETIN OF MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION No. 5 1930 ROYAL BOTANIC GARDENS, KEW

XIX.—REVISION OF THE OLD WORLD SPECIES OF BUDDLEJA. C. V. B. MARQUAND.

#### Distribution.

The genus Buddleja has a wide distribution extending throughout most of the warmer parts of Asia, Eastern and Southern Africa, and both North and South America. The present work excludes the New World species. There are no representatives of the genus wild in Europe, Northern Asia or Australasia, while all Mascarene species which have been placed in Buddleja are considered to belong to the allied genus *Nicodemia*, which differs in having a berry instead of a capsule. In every species from the Mascarene Islands in which the fruit is known this has been found to be the case. As in so many genera, the largest number of species is to be found in the Chinese province of Yunnan.

The interesting "Alternifoliae," which alone in the Loganiaceae have alternate leaves, are confined to Tibet and the borders of Western China\* where all the species are normally deciduous. One species (B. polystachya) is common to Arabia and East Africa, and

only three other species are African.

The altitudinal range of the genus extends from the Plains of India (1000 ft.), to the windswept Tibetan Plateau (12,000 ft.), but most of the species occur in the temperate zone.

#### Taxonomy.

Among the species included in this work, B. gynandra stands out as very distinct in the position of the androecium. Apart from this, the genus is a very natural one and not readily subdivided according

to natural relationship.

The Sections and Series adopted by Bentham (in DC. Prodr.) and accepted by Engler (in Nat. Pflanzenfam.) are scarcely satisfactory when applied to the greatly increased number of Asiatic species now known. The following Series are proposed as convenient for the Old World species :-

§ Gynandrae—Corolla tube straight. Stamens free from the

corolla tube. Leaves opposite (Sp. 1).

§ Alternifoliae (Kränzl. in Bull. Jard. Bot. Pétersb. xiii. 89 (1913), as a Section)—Corolla tube straight. Stamens inserted on the corolla tube. Leaves alternate. (Spp. 2-6).

<sup>\*</sup>Except B. amentacea Kränzl., the origin of which is doubtful (see p. 184).

§ Curviflorae—Corolla tube curved. Stamens inserted on the corolla tube. Leaves opposite (Spp. 7-11).

§ Rectiflorae—Corolla tube straight. Stamens inserted on the corolla tube. Leaves opposite (Spp. 12-52).

For many years after its discovery B. alternifolia Maxim. was the only species with alternate leaves known in the family Loganiaceae. In 1913 Kränzlin described, in Bull. Jard. Bot. Pétersb. xiii. 89, a species of uncertain origin based on a single incomplete specimen, and proposed the name 'Alternifoliae' for a Section of the genus to include the alternate-leaved species. The discovery of B. Wardii, however, in which some of the branches bear alternate leaves and others opposite, has shown that too much importance should not be attached to this character in the primary division of the genus.

Since the whole genus is not under review, no attempt is made here to discuss its systematic position. Originally placed in the Scrophulariaceae by Bentham, Lindley and other authors, it was transferred to the Loganiaceae in Benth. et Hook. f. Gen. Plant., and placed in the tribe Euloganieae which is now its accepted position.

The generic name has been spelt in a variety of ways by different authors. That adopted in the present work is the original (see

Sprague in Kew Bull. 1928, p. 349).

Of the species coming within the scope of this Revision, all are shrubs except B. Colvilei, which is unique in its very large flowers and becomes a considerable sized tree in the Sikkim Himalaya; and B. salviifolia, which is not uncommon throughout a wide area in Africa, and though normally a shrub, has been reported to attain the girth of a tree in one locality.

Unfortunately in a number of cases it has not been possible to obtain fruiting specimens for examination, so a classification of the genus on the seed characters is impossible at the present time, but a sufficient number of species are known in fruit to indicate that there is no correlation between the position of the anthers and the character of the seed. This is seen at once in the following table:—

Seeds not		Seeds shor	tly	Seeds with	1
tailed.		tailed.		long tails.	
Lindleyana	В	alternifolia	M	albiflora	T
paniculata	T	japonica	В	nivea	T
asiatica	M	Colvilei	T	macrostachya	T
salviifolia	M	Forrestii	T	Hookeri	T
heliophila	M	Griffithii	T	Davidii	M
tibetica		limitanea	$\mathbf{M}$	officinalis	M
var. Farreri	M	Fallowiana	M	myriantha	M
				stenostachya	M

(Reference to insertion of stamens: B = near base, M = near the middle, T = near the throat of the corolla tube.)

The leaves in some species of this genus exhibit a particularly wide range of fluctuation in size, due to external conditions, especially soil moisture, so that cultivated plants are frequently very different in appearance from the wild specimens. In some species a great range of leaf-form may be found on a single plant, some of the leaves having winged petioles and others not winged. Similarly the indumentum has been found to be variable to a certain extent. This variation in response to environment is one of the greatest difficulties in determining the limits of the species, especially when the material is scanty.

From the dissection of a very large number of flowers, the position of insertion of the stamens on the corolla tube has been found to be a most important character in this genus, being constant for each species. The shape of the corolla-tube is used to divide the genus into Series and also to separate the species. On the other hand, the corolla-lobes vary much within the same species. The indumentum of the ovary and corolla are also specific characters, though subject to slightly more variation. The flower-colour is almost invariably lost in drying, the corollas becoming blackish in many species.

The flowers of most species are strongly fragrant and are much visited by insects, particularly Lepidoptera. Several hybrids are known in gardens. Some of these were intentionally produced between Asiatic and American species of no close affinity such as B.  $Fallowiana \times B$ . globosa, but no scientific genetical study of the genus has been made, nor has the cytology of any of the species been investigated to the author's knowledge.

In the present paper, 52 species and 22 varieties are recognised. Five species are described here for the first time.

# Material and Acknowledgments.

The basis of the present work has been the material in the Herbarium of the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew, but "types" of nearly all the species unrepresented at Kew have been received on loan for study through the kindness of those in charge of the following Institutions: Arnold Arboretum, U.S.A.; Botanical Museum, Berlin; Herbarium, Botanical Garden, Breslau; Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh; Rijks Herbarium, Leiden; Herbarium, Principal Botanical Garden, Leningrad; Muséum d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris; National Herbarium, Pretoria, South Africa.

The author wishes to acknowledge his indebtedness to all who have assisted in this way and particularly desires to express his thanks to Professor W. Wright Smith for most generously handing over to him some notes he had made on the species in cultivation at the Royal Botanic Garden, Edinburgh.

Buddleja [Houst. ex Linn. Gen. ed. 1, 26 (1737)] Linn. Sp. Pl. ed. 1, 112 (1753); Gen. Pl. ed. 5, 51 (1754); Benth. & Hook. f. Gen. Pl. ii. 793 (1876).

# KEY TO THE OLD WORLD SPECIES OF BUDDLEJA.

Stamens inserted on the ovary, free from the corolla tube  1. gynandra.
Stamens inserted on the corolla tube:  Leaves alternate (on some branches more or less opposite in B.
Wardii):
Flowers 3 mm. in length; leaves linear-lanceolate attenuate to a very narrow apex (the upper alone known), 10 cm. long  2. amentacea.
Flowers exceeding 6 mm. in length; leaves small, not linear- lanceolate:
Lamina entire, thin, upper surface glabrous; midrib inconspicuous on lower surface
Ovary glabrous :
Corolla pale pink, about 5 mm. long; tube less than I mm. in diameter
Corolla tube curved :
Stamens inserted near the base of the corolla tube; stem
tetragonous, winged:
Leaves small (under 8 cm. in length); flowers deep red or violet purple; exterior of corolla glandular, not tomentose; fruit small
Leaves large (10-20 cm. in length); flowers pale lilac; exterior of corolla tomentose; fruit large8. japonica.
Stamens inserted near the middle of the corolla tube; stem
terete without wings:
Inflorescence elongate, up to 25 cm. long; ovary glabrous, leaves large:
Leaves membranous, persistent; exterior of the corolla
stellate tomentose
Leaves more or less coriaceous, deciduous; exterior of
the corolla glandular10. venenifera.
Inflorescence subcapitate; ovary pilose above, leaves
minute II. Purdomii.
Corolla tube straight:
Stamens inserted in the lowest third of the corolla tube
12. yunnanensis.
Stamens inserted in the upper two-thirds of the corolla tube:
*Corolla densely glandular, not tomentose on the exterior:
Limb of the corolla about 6 mm. in diameter; tube about
7 mm. long, anthers inserted in the middle; leaves sub- truncate at the base:

Inflorescence on the previous year's wood appearing before the leaves
STAMENS INSERTED AT OR IMMEDIATELY BELOW THE MOUTH OF THE
Flowers very large; corolla tube 6-8 mm. in diameter at the mouth
Length of corolla tube twice the diameter at the mouth (i.e. about 6 mm. long, 3-3.5 mm. diam.):
Branchlets tetragonous; ovary either glabrescent or tomentose throughout
Length of corolla tube more than three times the diameter at the mouth (i.e. not exceeding 2.5 mm. in diam.):  Ovary glabrous:
Branchlets subterete; flowers not exceeding 5 mm. in length
Corolla not exceeding 5 mm. long, 1 mm. wide
Corolla 8-10 mm. long, 2 mm. wide20. longifolia.  Ovary tomentose:
Inflorescence a widespreading panicle:  Leaves lanceolate; anthers distinctly showing in the mouth of the corolla tube (Asiatic)21. paniculata.  Leaves ovate or hastate-lobed; anthers scarcely showing in the mouth of the corolla tube (African)  22. pulchella.
Inflorescence an elongated spikelike panicle: †Rhachis, peduncles, etc., clothed with a dense white floccose tomentum:
Leaves petiolate, submembranous, up to 10 cm. wide; stem more or less terete

†Rhachis, peduncles, etc. clothed with a short sparse
tomentum, never floccose and frequently becoming
glabrescent:
Flowers 8-10 mm. long:
Exterior of corolla tube densely tomentose:
Inflorescence very dense; branchlets tetragonous,
winged; calyx longer than diameter
25. macrostachya.
Inflorescence very lax; branchlets subterete, calyx
shorter than diameter26. Hookeri.
Exterior of corolla tube glabrous 27. Henryi.
Flowers 4–6 mm. long:
Corolla scarcely twice as long as calyx; branchlets
winged 28. alata.
Corolla three to five times as long as calyx; branch-
lets not winged:
Stipules auriculate, almost always present; stem
terete; flower reddish-yellow, exterior of corolla
with glands interspersed with sparse tomentum;
calyx very densely tomentose29. polystachya.
Stipules absent (reduced to stipular ring); stem
tetragonous; flower lead-blue, throat orange,
exterior of corolla eglandular, densely tomentose;
calyx rather sparsely tomentose30. Griffithii.
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STAMENS INSERTED IN THE MIDDLE PORTION OF THE COROLLA TUBE:
Ovary glabrous:
Ovary glabrous:
Ovary glabrous: Corolla tube 3.0-3.5 mm. in diameter, leaf margin serrate:
Ovary glabrous:  Corolla tube 3·0-3·5 mm. in diameter, leaf margin serrate:  Style 3-4 mm. long
Ovary glabrous:  Corolla tube 3·0-3·5 mm. in diameter, leaf margin serrate:  Style 3-4 mm. long
Ovary glabrous:  Corolla tube 3·0-3·5 mm. in diameter, leaf margin serrate:  Style 3-4 mm. long
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Ovary glabrous:  Corolla tube 3·0-3·5 mm. in diameter, leaf margin serrate:  Style 3-4 mm. long
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Ovary glabrous:  Corolla tube 3·0-3·5 mm. in diameter, leaf margin serrate:  Style 3-4 mm. long
Ovary glabrous:  Corolla tube 3·0-3·5 mm. in diameter, leaf margin serrate:  Style 3-4 mm. long

\*\*Inflorescence terminal on the leafy branches: Inflorescence interrupted pseudo-verticillate; dentate, densely tomentose on both surfaces, cordateovate, attenuate to a fine acumen and long-petiolate..... 38. agathosma. Inflorescence not interrupted nor apparently verticillate: Panicle widespreading or few-flowered: Upper surface of lamina densely bullate and stellatetomentose; leaf usually distinctly auriculate with a short petiole (African)......39. salviifolia. Upper surface of lamina not bullate; leaf not auriculate at the base (Asiatic except auriculata): Leaves long-petiolate, more or less truncate or cordate at the base, usually crenate-serrate, up to 18 cm. long: Inflorescence compound, spreading, ebracteate or with a few short bracts......40. crispa. Inflorescence small with numerous bracts longer than the flowers......41. caryopteridifolia Leaves attenuate at the base into a short petiole, or subsessile, lanceolate, entire: Shrubs of dwarf habit with leaves less than 4 cm. long, I cm. wide and few-flowered inflorescence: Calyx densely tomentose, length scarcely equalling its diameter; lobes very short and broad, subobtuse......42. brachystachya. Calyx tomentellous, length about 1½ times its diameter; lobes triangular acute...43. nana. Shrubs of tall habit with large leaves (6-20 cm. long) and many-flowered inflorescence: Upper surface of the leaf glabrous (African)..... 44. auriculata. Upper surface of the leaf covered with stellate hairs (Asiatic): ††Panicle subcylindrical c. 5 cm. in diameter on short leafy branches; leaves broadly elliptical or elliptic-ovate; peduncles 1-2 cm. long...... 45. heliophila. ††Panicle more or less pyramidal, usually widespreading on long leafy shoots: Corolla tube c. 4 times as long as wide; leaves rarely exceeding II cm. in length.... 46. officinalis. Corolla tube c. 8 times as long as wide; leaves up to 20 cm. long.....47. acutifolia. Panicle strict, elongate, spike-like, bearing many flowers: Branches tetragonous, plant sparsely tomentose, with

auriculate stipules......48. myriantha.

Branches terete; plant very densely tomentose:

Flowers very densely crowded in erect spikelike panicles, auriculate stipules sometimes present....

49. Fallowiana.

Flowers rather lax in very long arcuate spikes;

stipules absent:

Leaves subcoriaceous with the upper surface markedly rugose, narrowly lanceolate abruptly petiolate; petioles I-I·5 cm. long...50. candida Leaves membranous with the upper surface smooth, broadly lanceolate, attenuate into the very short petiole..........51. stenostachya.

## § GYNANDRAE.

1. Buddleja gynandra Marquand, sp. nov.; distinctissima staminibus ovario nec corollae affixis.

Shrub. Branches subterete, rather slender, covered with a short tomentum when young. Leaves opposite, lanceolate or ovatelanceolate, acuminate, up to 13 cm. long, 3.5 cm. wide, attenuate into a petiole 5-8 mm. in length; both upper and lower surface of the lamina densely stellate-tomentose at first, afterwards becoming glabrous or sparsely tomentellous above; margin entire, occasionally slightly sinuate. Stipules reduced to a stipular ring. Inflorescence a rather lax widespreading panicle. Bracts linear, 6-8 mm. long above, lower ones larger and resembling the leaves. Flowers yellowish-white, scented, forming cymules of 5-7 flowers on short tomentose peduncles. Calyx tomentose, 2-2.5 mm. long, divided to \(\frac{1}{4}\) into 4 subobtuse deltoid lobes. Corolla sparsely stellatetomentose outside; tube 4-5 mm. long, about I mm. in diameter, sparsely pubescent inside; lobes 4, obovate-spathulate, about 2 mm. long, 1.5 mm. wide, entire. Stamens 4, inserted on the side of the ovary, about 1.5 mm. long; anthers subdeltoid; lower portion of filaments adnate, upper free portion slender, slightly shorter than the anthers. Ovary tomentose; style twice as long as the stamens; stigma clavate. Fruit not seen.

Tonkin. Langson, in rocky places, 27 Jan. 1886, B. Balansa 930 (type in Herb. Kew.).

## § ALTERNIFOLIAE.

B. amentacea Kränzlin in Bull. Jard. Bot. Pétersb. xiii. 89, 92 (1913).

JAVA. Precise locality and collector unknown, "Herb.

Fischer."

The only known specimen of this species is the "type," which is preserved in the Herbarium of the Principal Botanic Garden, Leningrad. Unfortunately the lower leaves are not present, and the collector's label is indecipherable. This was stated to be the case

by the author of the species in the original place of publication and by the editor in a footnote in the Russian text. A recent study of the type sheet has failed to reveal any clue. The label also bears the nomen nudum "Buddleya microcarpa Kl." in another handwriting.

3. **B. alternifolia** *Maxim*. in Bull. Acad. Pétersb. xxvi. 494 (1880). "China Borealis Vallis fl. Peishui inter pagos Tangtshang et Lidshapu, prov. Tschili, Schansi, Kansu occidentali et orientali et Szetschuan septentrionali" (apparently Tangshan and Likiapu in

Southern Kansu), 19 Juni 1885, G. N. Potanin.

Kansu. Near Pinglo, Oct. 7, 1914, F. N. Meyer 1787; Tsing shui hsien, 1500 m., July 7, 1922, J. Hers 2402; moist foothills, Ho lan shan mountains, 1375-2400 m., shrub up to 5 m., flowers violet, very fragrant, May 10-25, 1923, R. C. Ching 185.

Cultivated specimens of Purdom 388 and Farrer 100, also belong to

this species.

 B. Legendrei Gagnepain in Lecomte, Not. Syst. ii. 280 (1912).
 KANSU. Pongsu shi in the Li-kiu Valley, on mica schist soil, 3400 m., Legendre 1036.

5. B. tsetangensis Marquand in Journ. Linn. Soc., Bot. xlviii. 202

(1929).

Tibet. Tsetang, Tsampo Valley, on cliffs and gravel beds abundant in most villages, 3600 m., April 21, 1924, F. Kingdon Ward 5616.

6. **B. Wardii** Marquand in Journ. Linn. Soc., Bot. xlviii. 203 (1929). TIBET. On rocks and cliffs by the river and around villages in the Tsang-po Valley below Tsetang, 3000–3400 m., April 29, 1924, F. Kingdon Ward 5636.

#### § CURVIFLORAE.

7. **B. Lindleyana** Fortune in Lindl. Bot. Reg., Misc. 25 (1844).— *B. intermedia* Carr. in Rev. Hort. xlv. 151 (1873). *B. insignis* Hort. ex Dippel, Handb. Laubholzk. i. 154 (1889). *B. salicifolia* Hort. ex Dippel loc. cit. 153.

SZECHUAN. Yangtze banks, without precise locality, shrub of 60 cm. with purple flowers, June 1903, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 4116; near Wa-shan, valley of Tung River, 1000–1300 m., July and Nov. 1908, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 1375a.

HUPEH. Ichang and immediate neighbourhood, A. Henry 4190; in glens, Ichang, flowers red, Aug. 1901, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 1615.

CHEKIANG. Chusan, Fortune 37; near Ningpo, Sept. 7, 1877, W. Hancock 26; without precise locality, W. Hancock 87; near Hangchow, July 3, 1915, F. N. Meyer 1497; open roadside, Ling-Ying-Sze near Hangchow, June 20, 1922, A. N. Steward in Nanking Univ. Herb. 2354.

FUKIEN. "Almost all from about 2000 feet above the plain," Foochow, 1897, W. R. Carles 575; open ground, Pei-ling hills, Foochow, W. R. Price 1172; Foochow city, Wooshihshan, on rocks by the side of spring, shrub with purple flowers, Aug. 25, 1923, H. H. Chung 2359.

KIANGSI. Kiukiang, 1873, Shearer; Lu shan (Kuling Range),

200-1100 m., July, Aug., Sept. 1908, A. K. Schindler 363.

KWANGTUNG. Hillsides by the North River, July 1864 and June 1865, T. Sampson in Herb. Hance 321; Nin District, Sept. 20, 1918, Canton Christian College Herb. 3445.

Hongkong. South of Wanchai Gab, one bush only, Oct. 15,

1900, W. T. Tutcher 656.

Japan. Nikko and Fujiyama, Maries.

var. **sinuato-dentata** *Hemsl.* in Journ. Linn. Soc., Bot. xxvi. 120 (1889).

Hupeh. Ichang and immediate neighbourhood, flowers purple, A. Henry 624 and 3974; without precise locality, June 1901, E. H.

Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 1995.

SZECHUAN. Mount Omei, 750 m., E. Faber 77; Mount Omei, bush of 1·3 m., July 1904, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 5037; Yachou-Fu, thickets, 600-1300 m., bush of 1-1·5 m., flowers very dark red, July and Nov. 1908, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 1375.

Differing from the type in the leaves being sinuate-dentate.

8. B. japonica Hemsl. in Journ. Linn. Soc., Bot. xxvi. 119 (1889), in obs.

Japan. Hondo: Hakone, Yokohama, 1862, Maximowicz; central part of the island, 1866, Tschonoski; without precise locality, F. V. Dickens 1305; Oyama, Oct. 1876, J. Bisset; central mountains, 600–2100 m., Maries; without precise locality, Aug. 1904, H. Takeda; without precise locality, Sept. 28, 1914, E. H. Wilson 7585. Japan, without precise locality, 1866-74, L. Savatier 896; Fudintsugi, Aug. 13, 1889, Sci. Coll. Imp. Univ. Jap.; Hyachine, Aug. 23, 1894, Faurie 13519.

B. curviflora Hook. et Arn. Bot. Beech. Voy. 267 (1836-1840).
 B. carnea Carr. in Rev. Hort. li. 90 (1879).

LUCHU ARCHIPELAGO. Without precise locality, June 1827, Beechey.

B. venenifera Makino in Bot. Mag. Tokyo, xxiv. 56 (1910).

JAPAN. Osumi Province: Miyanoura, Yaku-shima Island,

Sept. 1909, T. Makino; Nako-no-shima Island, S. Tashiro.

A specimen in Herb. Kew. received through the Paris Herbarium from the Japanese Exhibition of 1886 without any particulars appears to belong to this. The corolla is densely glandular and sparsely stellate-tomentose outside.

Professor Hayata has very kindly presented to Kew some leaves and portions of stems of this plant collected by Dr. Makino, judging from which it appears to be a distinct species. As, however, I have not been able to see the flowers, its exact position is doubtful and it is placed in the Key to the species from the original description.

11. **B. Purdomii** W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. ix, 87 (1916).

Kansu. Common on very steep and torrid cliffs and banks of the most torrid loess region about Kiai-how; descending along the burning walls of the Hei-Shui-Jang, but not extending to Siku, April 29, 1914, R. Farrer 14.

## § RECTIFLORAE.

12. B. yunnanensis Gagnepain in Lecomte, Not. Syst. ii. 187,

192 (1912).

Yunnan. Between Szemao and Chienhung, Bons d'Anty 437; Szemao in hedgerows, 1300 m., a shrub of 60 cm. with lilac flowers, A. Henry 12214.

13. Buddleja acosma Marquand, nom. nov.\*—B. incompta W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. viii. 180 (1914), non Linn. fil.

Yunnan. On dry rocks and exposed hillsides in the A-tun-tsi Valley, 3400 m., an untidy bush of 1-2 m., leaves silver in spring, golden in autumn, June 1913, F. Kingdon Ward 345; on calcareous and schistose soil, frequent west of Likiang, 1900-1950 m., May 30, 1916, H. Handel-Mazzetti 8786; open dry situations in side valleys of the Mekong-Salween divide, lat. 28° N., 2300-2700 m., flowers soft grey rose, fragrant, June 1918, G. Forrest 16557; dry situations amongst boulders and scrub on the Doker-La, Mekong-Salween divide, lat. 28° 25' N., 2700 m., a stunted shrub of 60 cm. with rose-lavender flowers, June 1919, G. Forrest 18720; on cliffs and dry rocky slopes on the Mekong-Salween divide, lat. 27° 36' N., long. 98° 50' E., 2700 m., shrub of 60 cm., in fruit, July 1921, G. Forrest 19665; open, dry, rocky hillsides in the A-tun-tsi Valley, lat. 28° 30' N., long. 98° 54' E., 3000 m., shrub of 60-90 cm., in fruit, Sept., 1921, G. Forrest 20767.

- 14. **B. adenantha** Diels in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. v. 248 (1912). YUNNAN. Amongst scrub on the margins of pine forests on the eastern flank of the Tali Range, lat. 25° 40′ N., 2900–3400 m., a shrub of 1.5–2.5 m. with fragrant greyish-purple flowers, June-Aug. 1906, G. Forrest 4736.
- 15. **B. Colvilei** Hook. f. et Thoms. in Hook. Illustr. Himal. Pl. t. 18 (1855).

NEPAL. Nangki (near the border of Sikkim), shrub of 3 m., Hooker.

<sup>\*</sup>I have been obliged to change the name of this species, for the trivial name was already occupied by the South African B. incompta Linn. fil. Suppl. 123 (1781). C.V.B.M.

SIKKIM. Lachen, 2800-3600 m., July and Aug. 2, 1849, Hooker; Chola, 3000-4200 m., Nov. 5 and 6, 1849, Hooker; Tonglo, 3000 m., Aug. 5, 1874, Treutler 493; Tonglo, 3100 m., Nov. 3, 1874, J. S. Gamble 3256a; Tonglo, 3000 m., Sept. 1880, July 1881, and July 1882, J. S. Gamble 8466, 9495, and 10436; Islumbo, 3400 m., Oct. 24, 1875, J. S. Gamble 25599; Tumbok, 3000 m., tree of 6 m., Oct. 10, 1870, C. B. Clarke 12896a.

TIBET. Chumbi: Pun-ka-bee-see-mo, July 24, 1884, Dr. King's

collector 32.

The fruits in this species vary considerably in length.

16. **B. Forrestii** Diels in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. v. 249 (1912). Yunnan. On ledges of cliffs and very stony ground on the western slopes of the Tsan-shan Range near the head of the Yangtze Valley, lat. 25° 40′ N., 2800–3000 m., flowers reddishmaroon, fragrant, Sept. 1905, G. Forrest 979; open situations in scrub on the hills east of Tengyueh, lat. 25° N., 2300–2600 m., shrub of 2–4 m., flowers pale mauve, almost white, fragrant, Dec. 1912, G. Forrest 9471; on the mountains between the Salween and Irrawaddi, 1800 m., Oct. 1914, C. Schneider 2591; 1917-1919 collection, without precise data, G. Forrest 16017; in thickets in side valleys, Jang-tzow Shan, Shweli-Salween divide, lat. 25° 10′ N., 2600 m., shrub of 3–4 m. with fragrant soft lavender-rose flowers, Aug. 1919, G. Forrest 18361.

There is a wide range of variation in the indumentum of the ovary in this species. Even in the same inflorescence of the type specimen, of two flowers examined, one had a practically glabrous

ovary while the other was tomentose.

17. **B. taliensis** W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. ix. 87 (1916).

YUNNAN. Open scrub on the western flank of the Tali Range, lat. 25° 40′ N., 2900 m., Aug. 1913, G. Forrest 11561.

18. B. albiflora Hemsl. in Journ. Linn. Soc., Bot. xxvi. 118 (1889).—

B. Hemsleyana Koehne in Gartenfl. 169 (1903).

Hupeh. Patung district, A. Henry 156a, 1871, 2515 and 4689; Kuei, spreading shrub of 1 m. with purplish flowers, A. Henry 6193; west of the province, without precise locality, flowers lilac, July 1901, E. H. Wilson (Veitch. Exped.) 2247 and 2247a, also July 1907 (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 3360 and 3361.

SHENSI. Central part of the province, Aug. 20, 1916, E. Licent

2673.

var. Giraldii Rehd. & Wils. in Sargent Pl. Wilson. i. 569

(1913).—B. Giraldii Diels in Engl. Jahrb. xxix. 535 (1900).

SHENSI. Ta-see-tsuen, Sept. 19, 1897, Giraldi; Kay-y-san, June 18, 1899, Giraldi 5497 and 5498; Tai-pei-shan, 1910, W. Purdom.

SZECHUAN. Without precise locality, shrub of 2 m. with lilac flowers, 1300 m., Aug. 1903, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 4117.

Differing from the type in the tomentose calyx.

19. **Buddleja Duclouxii** *Marquand*, sp. nov.; affinis *B. albiflorae* Hemsl., sed ramulis gracillimis tetragonis inflorescentia angustissima inter alia insigniter differt.

Shrub. Branches slender, tetragonous, sparsely tomentose. Leaves thin, opposite, (lower not seen) upper lanceolate, up to 5 cm. long, 1.3 cm. wide, cuneate at the base, margin finely serrate-dentate, upper surface at first sparsely stellate-tomentose, shortly becoming glabrescent, dark green in the dried specimen, lower surface densely tomentose with the nerves inconspicuous. Stipules small, auriculate. Inflorescence terminal, composed of 1-3 strict panicles up to 25 cm. long, I-I-5 cm. wide, cymules subsessile, 2-3-flowered. Bracts few, linear-lanceolate, up to 8 mm. in length. Flowers small (colour not known); pedicels I-I·5 mm. long, tomentose. Calyx tomentose, 2-2.5 mm. long, lobes 4, narrow, acute, shorter than the tube. Corolla sparsely tomentose outside; tube 4-5 mm. long, 1 mm. in diameter, interior pubescent; lobes 4, obovate-spathulate, I-I-5 mm. long, margin slightly erose. Anthers subsessile, 1 mm. long, inserted just below the mouth of the corolla-tube. Ovary glabrous, subglobose; style short, glabrous; stigma clavate, 1-1.5 mm. in length. Fruit not seen.

Yunnan. Neighbourhood of Ngy-leang, Sept. 14, 1905, (collected by Petrus Py), Ducloux 3790.

20. B. longifolia Gagnepain in Lecomte, Not. Syst. ii. 190, 191 (1912).

N.E. UPPER BURMA. Shrub of 1.5-2 m., flowers rose, tube yellow, on margins of thickets and by streams on Hpimaw-pass, N'Maikha-Salween Divide, lat. 26° N., long. 98° 42′ E., 3000 m., Sept. 1924, G. Forrest 25079.

Yunnan. Woods, Kichan, near Ta-pin-tze, flowers violet, 2800 m., Aug. 21, 1889, *Delavay* 3991; shrub of 2-4 m., flowers fragrant, deep lavender-purple, interior darkest, in thickets by streams in side valleys on the Chien-chuan—Mekong divide, lat. 26° 30′ N., long. 99° 40′ E., 2700 m., Aug. 1922, *G. Forrest* 23215.

21. **B. paniculata** *Wall*. in Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Carey, i. 412 (1820); Wall. Cat. No. 6403.

NEPAL. Wallich 6403.

Assam. Manipur: "collected during the Government Demarcation Survey of 1881-82" (without precise locality), G. Watt 6061. Lushai Hills: Stalong, 1500 m., "a Buddleja with bunches of small flowers, magenta pink within the tube," Feb. 1929, (Mrs.) N. E. Parry 125.

The two species, B. paniculata and B. crispa (No. 40), are united in Fl. Brit. Ind. by C. B. Clarke (1883), and by all subsequent authors.

In addition to the shape of the leaves and habit of the inflorescence they may be distinguished by the position of the anthers in the corolla tube.

- B. nepalensis Colla which has been cited as a synonym of B. paniculata (sensu lato) is a doubtful species. The description agrees neither with B. paniculata (sensu stricto) nor with B. crispa.
- 22. **B. pulchella** N. E. Br. in Kew Bull. 1894, 389.—B. usambarensis Gilg in Engl. Pfl. Ost-Afr. C. 313 (1895). B. Woodii Gilg in Engl. Jahrb. xxiii. 201 (1896).

TANGANYIKA. Usambara: Kwa Mshaza, in high forest,

1570 m., Holst 8967.

NATAL. Near Kettle Fountain, 1862, T. Cooper 1159; Inanda, comm., Oct. 20, 1879, J. M. Wood 574; Alexandra District, Dumisa, 550 m., June 19, 1910, H. Rudatis 1035, and 650 m., July 3, 1910, H. Rudatis 1054. Specimens cultivated at Kew and in the Botanic Gardens, Durban, origin York, 600–1000 m., comm. J. M. Wood. Kentani District, 400 m. July 1913, Alice Pegler 764.

23. B. nivea Duthie in Gard. Chron. Ser. 3, xxxviii. 275 (1905).

W. SZECHUAN. Mountains, Washan, 1800-2400 m., flowers purple, shrub of 1.5-2 m., July 1903, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 4121; south-east of Tachienlu, Tung Valley, 1300-2000 m., Aug. 1908, bush, 1-1.5 m. high with lilac flowers, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 3356; Washan, thickets 1300-2000 m., bush, 1.5-2.5 m. high with purple flowers, Aug. 1908, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 3358.

Locality unknown, Hort. Veitch, flowers Aug. 4, 1905, fruit Oct. 14, 1905, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.), Seed No. 1428 (type specimens).

var. yunnanensis Rehder & Wils. in Sargent Pl. Wilson. i. 570 (1913).—B. macrostachya Benth. var. yunnanensis Dop in Bull.

Soc. Bot. France Ivii. Mém. xix. 7 (1910).

W. SZECHUAN. Without precise locality, mountains, 2500 m., flowers purple, bush 1-2 m. high, July 1903, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 4119; West of and near Wen-chu'an Hsien, in the Min Valley, in roadside thickets, 1300-1600 m., May 25, 1908, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 3353, Aug. 1908, 3359; vicinity of Tachienlu in thickets, 1300-3800 m., July and Aug. 1908, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 3351, 3357; Mupin, in thickets, 1600-2000 m., July and Oct. 1908, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 1351, 1351a, 3354.

Differs from the type in the spikes being usually solitary and

the upper surface of the leaf pubescent.

24. **B. cylindrostachya** Kränzlin in Engl. Jahrb. I. Beibl. 111, 35 (1913).

Yunnan. Mengtze, in deep valleys, very rare shrub with dark purple flowers smelling of rhubarb root, Jan. 25, 1895,

W. Hancock 264; Mengtze, on grassy mountains near Ho-chie-ch'ai, 1600-1800 m., corolla reddish with orange throat, Nov. 15, 1896, A. Henry 10251; 2nd sheet of same No., bushy shrub I m. high with lilac flowers; Fêng chên Liu, 1500 m., shrub of 1-2 m., with pink to purplish flowers, Feb. 3, 1897, A. Henry 10251a; Szemao, grassy places on summit of East high range (Men chu thian), local shrub 15-30 cm. high with lilac flowers, 1800 m., Nov. 27, 1896, A. Henry 10251b; on way to Hsin-Kei, Fêng chên Liu, Mengtze, shrub of 3 m. with small leaves, 1500 m., A. Henry 10251d.

B. macrostachya Benth. Scroph. Ind. 42 (1835).—B. Martii
 J. A. Schmidt in Journ. Bot. vi. 228, 245 (1868).

Assam. Sillet, 1837, Wallich 6407: Khasia; Fielding sine numero; Griffith 196 and 197, also East Ind. Co. Herb. 3742; Surureen, lax bush of 4 m., June 26, 1850, Hooker: Kullung, July 8, 1850, Hooker; Pourang, large bush, "flowers sweet, flesh-coloured with darker eye," Sept. 15, 1850, Hooker; Myrong, 1200–1800 m., flowers pale primrose with crocaceous eye, odour strong, Oct. 1850, Hooker: Naga Hills; Kohima, Oct. 1886, D. Prain; lower spur of Japro Kohima, large straggling shrub on the exposed crest of knife edge ridge, flowers in long pendent spikes, cream with deep orange eye, strongly fragrant, 2100 m., lat. 25° 40' N., long. 94° 10' E., Nov. 27, 1929, F. Kingdon Ward 7702: Lushai Hills; Chuarlung 1500 m., flowers mauve with red centres, Jan. 1928, (Mrs.) N. E. Parry 124, 466 and 553; Manipur, "comm. 1886," Watt 5011 and 5125.

Burma. Bhamo district; Lahpyekha, 1800 m., small tree, almost shrub, flowers mauve, stem brownish, upper bark peels off in strips, March 18, 1927, Saw Mamg Mya 5321; 1800 m., shrub, flowers dull mauve, stem greyish red, slightly crooked, Bum Rawng Bum, March 20, 1927, Saw Mamg Mya 5332. Mogok District, Kyinitaung Valley, 1200 m., Nov. 23, 1928, E. A. Seaton 7421.

Yunnan. West Mountains, Szemao, 1500 m., tree of 6 m., A. Henry 10251 C; in side valleys on the hills east of Tengyueh, lat. 25° N., 1800 m., shrub of 2·5-3·5 m., in fruit, May 1912, G. Forrest 7604; shrub of 6 m., open situations, hills around Man-Hsien, lat. 24° 30′ N., 900-1200 m., flowers dull rose fragrant, Feb. 1913, G. Forrest 9661; in thickets by streams on the Chien-chuan—Mekong divide, lat. 26° 36′ N., long. 99° 40′ E., 2400-2700 m., shrub of 3-6 m., flowers deep purple lavender, tube darkest, fragrant, July 1922, G. Forrest 23055.

SIAM. Calcareous rocks on "summit III," 2180 m., shrub of 2.5 m., Doi Chieng Dao, Feb. 17, 1905, C. C. Hosseus 400.

26. **Buddleja Hookeri** *Marquand*, sp. nov.; affinis *B. macrostachyae* Benth. sed ramulis subteretibus inflorescentia laxa calyce breviore inter alia differt.

Shrub 4-6 m. high. Branches subterete, drooping, at first whitish tomentose, shortly becoming glabrescent. Leaves opposite, lanceolate or obovate-lanceolate, subsessile, attenuate at the base, 15-20 cm.

long, 5-7 cm. wide, margin finely serrate, apex acuminate, upper surface soon becoming glabrous, lower surface tomentose. Stipules reduced to a rather conspicuous ring. Inflorescence terminal, of few lax tomentose spike-like panicles, usually bearing a pair of leaves at the basal node, and axillary. Bracts few, linear, up to 8 mm. long. Peduncles usually very short. Pedicels 2 mm. long, tomentose. Calyx tomentose; tube campanulate 1.5 mm. long, 2.5 mm. in diameter; lobes 4 acute, scarcely 1 mm, long, sinus broad, rounded. Corolla throat deep orange, limb white, powerfully fragrant, exterior tomentose throughout; tube 8-10 mm. long, 2-2.5 mm. in diameter, interior pubescent except near the base; lobes 4 obovate or suborbicular c. 3 mm. long and wide, margin subentire. Stamens 4 inserted just below the mouth of the corolla, anthers scarcely 1.5 mm. long, subsessile. Ovary densely tomentose; style tomentose at the base, together with the clavate stigma up to 5 mm. in length. Fruit ovoid, up to 8 mm. long. Seeds tailed, about 2.5 mm. long.

FRONTIER OF BURMA AND TIBET. In open Alder glades in the bottom of the valley of the Seinghku, lat. 28° 5′ N., long. 97° 30′ E.,

2400 m., Sept. 25, 1926, F. Kingdon Ward 7456 (type).

Sikkim. Lachen, 1800 m., Aug. 5, 1849, J. D. Hooker; Lachong River, 1800 m., Oct. 2, 1849, J. D. Hooker; Choongtau hill, Oct. 28, 1849, J. D. Hooker; Chongthang, Sept. 1903, Prain.

27. B. Henryi Rehder & Wilson in Sargent Pl. Wilson. i. 571 (May 1913); Kränzlin in Engl. Jahrb. l. Beibl. 111. 44 (August 1913),

pro parte.\*

Yunnan. Mengtze, S.E. in woods, 1500 m., shrub 2.5 to tree of 6 m., flowers flesh-coloured, A. Henry 9025; ravine, Mengtze, 1500 m., orange flowers, deliciously fragrant, A. Henry 9025b; open situations amongst scrub on the western flank of the Shweli-Salween divide, lat. 25° 20′ N., 2400–2700 m., shrub 4–6 m., in fruit, Aug. 1912, G. Forrest 9044; in thickets and in conifer forests, Salween-Kiu-chang divide, lat. 27° N., long. 98° 35′ E., 3000 m., shrub 2.5–3 m., flowers fragrant deep muddy wine colour, Aug. 1924, G. Forrest 25761.

var. **glabrescens** Marquand, var nov.; a typo differt ovario glabrescente.—B. Henryi Kränzl. in Engl. Jahrb. l. Beibl. III. 44 (1913) pro parte.

YUNNAN. Flowers reddish, south of Red River from Manner,

1800 m., A. Henry 9025a.

Differs from the type in the glabrescent ovary.

var. **Hancockii** Marquand.—B. Hancockii Kränzlin in Engl. Jahrb. l. Beibl. 111. 46: 1913.

<sup>\*</sup>The B. Henryi Kränzl. was founded upon a mixed type; the "ovarium glabrum" agreeing with Henry 9025a only, of the three sheets cited and marked "typus" by the author. The other two had already been cited by Rehder & Wilson under their description published a few months previously.

Yunnan. Mountain woods near Mengtze 1800-2100 m., a small tree or shrub, flowers dull purple with rather oppressive odour, Aug. 18, 1895, W. Hancock 384.

Differs from the type of the species and the preceding variety in

the exterior of the corolla being tomentose.

B. alata Rehder & Wilson in Sargent Pl. Wilson. i. 570 (1913).
 W. SZECHUAN. Ravine 1200 m. (without precise locality),
 Aug. 1903, shrub of 2 m., flowers lilac, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.)
 4118.

This species is closely allied to *B. myriantha* Diels, from which it differs in the absence of auriculate stipules, more distinctly winged stem, coarser tomentum on the flowers, and larger leaves, as well as the more or less infundibular corolla showing the anthers in the mouth.

29. **B. polystachya** Fresen. in Flora xxi. 605 (1838).—B. acuminata R. Brown nomen in Salt. It. Abyss. App. 62 (1814), non Poir. B. Saltiana Steud. Nom. ed. 2, i. 235 (1840). B. foliata R. Br. ex Benth. in DC. Prodr. x. 466. B. Powellii Kränzl. in Engl. Jahrb. l. Beibl. III, 34 (1913).

ARABIA. Yemen; on Kahil mountain near Menâkhah, 2500 m.,

Feb. 18, 1889, G. Schweinfurth 1467.

ERITREA. Neighbourhood of Acrur, 1900 m., March 6, 1892,

G. Schweinfurth & D. Riva 779.

ABYSSINIA. Tigre; near Adowa, Schimper 1905; Steudner 851; Ankober, shrub of 2.5-3 m., common on the fences, called "Amfar," Nov. 12, 1841, Roth 464; Memsach, in narrow valleys near Gennia, June 26, 1837, Schimper 266; Gondar and vicinity, R. E. Massey 72; Mount Chillalo, 2400-2800 m., Nov. 1926, H. Scott.

UGANDA. Mount Nkoko Njern, 1500 m., shrub of 2–3 m. with reddish brown flowers, in short grassland, Nov. 12, 1916, J. D. Snowden 495; Mount Elgon, 1500–2000 m., shrub or small tree 3–5 m. high with reddish brown flowers, fairly common in bush and forest land, Feb. 17, 1924, J. D. Snowden 824; and without precise locality, H. Powell 73; Mount Elgon, 2400 m., shrub of 3 m. with yellow cinnabar flowers, occasional on the edge of the Bamboo zone, Jan. 1918, R. A. Dümmer 3610.

Kenya. Nyanza Prov.: Usain Gishu Plateau and Trans Nzoia, Nov.-Dec. 1928, W. J. Dawson 652. Naivasha Prov.: Nakuru, among the rocks of a dry valley, 1800 m., bushy shrub of 2 m., Dec. 1893, G. F. Scott Elliott 6850; Aberdare Mountains, 1905, Evan James; Kijube, shrub at 2200 m., Feb. 23, 1914, W. J. Dawson 24; Kamasia, 2400 m., "small tree up to 5 m.," E. Battiscombe 1189; near Forest Station, Dec. 20, 1921, R. E. & C. E. Fries 538. Kenya Prov.: Escarpment, 1900–2200 m., E. Battiscombe 41, and at 2200 m., A. Linton 174, also C. F. Elliott 158 and 250.

var. parvifolia Marquand, var. nov.; a typo differt foliis minoribus vix 2 cm. longis 1 cm. latis integris.

ERITREA. Ainsaba, May 1870, Beccari 69.

The leaves of this plant are very distinct in their exceedingly small size, but it is possible that this may be largely due to the very dry conditions under which it was growing, the range of fluctuation in this respect being known to be large in some species of this genus. In floral characters this variety scarcely differs from the type of the species except that the inflorescence is slightly reduced.

30. Buddleja Griffithii Marquand, sp. nov.; ex affinitate B. macrostachyae Benth. sed floribus minoribus vix ad 6 mm. longis inter alia differt.—B. macrostachya Benth. var. Griffithii C. B. Clarke in Hook. fil. Fl. Brit. Ind. iv. 81 (1883).

Shrub. Branches subtetragonous, scarcely winged, sparsely tomentose or glabrescent. Leaves opposite, lanceolate, usually 15-20 cm. long, 2.5-3.5 cm. wide, margin minutely serrate, apex attenuate, upper surface glabrescent, lower surface clothed with a thin tomentum. Stipules absent. Inflorescence composed of terminal and axillary spike-like panicles 20-30 cm. long, 1-1.5 cm. wide. Bracts linear, 3-12 mm. long. Flowers rather densely crowded on short pedicels. Calyx tomentose; tube I mm. long, 1.5 mm. in diameter; lobes narrowly triangular acute, scarcely as long as the tube. Corolla lead blue with an orange throat, exterior tomentose; tube 4-5 mm. long, less than I mm. in diameter, interior pubescent; lobes 4 suborbicular I-I-5 mm. in diameter, margin slightly erose. Stamens inserted just below the mouth of the corolla tube, anthers subsessile, scarcely I mm. in length. Ovary tomentose; style short. Fruit 4-5 mm. long. Seeds shortly tailed, scarcely I mm. long.

East Bengal. Mishmee, Griffith (Kew Distrib.) 3747.

BHUTAN: fruiting without precise locality Griffith 2447 and (Kew Distrib.) 3743.

This plant is noted in ms. by C. B. Clarke from the Naga Hills, but there is no specimen from this locality in Herb. Kew.

31. **B. limitanea** W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. ix. 85 (1916).

Yunnan. Open scrub on the western flank of the Shweli-Salween divide, lat. 25° 20′ N., 2100–2400 m., shrub of 1–1·5 m., in fruit, Aug. 1912, G. Forrest 8962; shrub up to 1·5 m. high, thickets at the foot of the mountain near Talifu, 2400 m., Aug. 1914, C. Schneider 2487; "duplicate of 1912-13" (without precise locality), G. Forrest 15851; open scrub in the Shweli Valley, lat. 25° 20′ N., shrub of 1·5–2 m., flowers deep rose, 1800–2100 m., July 1917, G. Forrest 15936; in open thickets, Swheli-Salween divide, 2400 m., shrub of 1–1·5 m., flowers rose purple, June 1918, G. Forrest 17546.

32. B. Cooperi W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. x. 14 (1917).

BHUTAN. Between Rudong La and Pumthang, bush of 60-90 cm. on gravel and debris. Flowers white, tinged purple, 3400 m. July 23, 1915, Cooper 4154.

33. **B. asiatica** Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 72 (1790).—B. acuminatissima Blume Bijdr. 743 (1825). B. discolor Roth Nov. Pl. Sp. 83 (1821). B. lanceolata Heyne ex Wall. Cat. sub no. 640. B. salicina Lam. Tab. Encyclo. et Méth. i. 291 (1791). B. serrulata Roth Nov. Pl. Sp. 82 (1821). B. subserrata Buch.-Ham. ex D. Don Prod. Fl. Nep. 92 (1825). B. virgata Blanco Fl. Filip. ed. I. 57 (1837).

MADRAS. Pulney Mountain, Sept. 1836, Wight 1811; Nilgiris, 1900 m., Aug. 1883, Gamble 12257; Sigur Ghat, 900 m., Aug. 1886, Gamble 17892; Kodaikanal Ghat, Dec. 7, 1898, Bourne 1607.

FORMOSA. Bankinsing, A. Henry 200; Tamsuy, Oldham 318. INDO-CHINA. Hue and vicinity (the type-locality), Jan.-May 1927, R. W. Squires 296.

SZECHUAN. Min River and Omei 1100 m., Faber 608.

The above are only representative. The specimens of this species in Herb. Kew. are too numerous to enumerate here. The range of the species includes Sikkim, Bhutan, Assam, Bombay, Madras, Burma, Siam, Tonkin, Yunnan, Szechuan, Kwangtung, Formosa, Java,

Sumatra, Borneo and the Philippine Islands.

This is an exceedingly polymorphic species. A number of varieties have been described, some of which were originally accorded specific rank. Although some are distinct enough in their extreme forms they are completely connected by intermediates. The best marked of these varieties are the following from Java:—var. sundaica Koorders in Meded. 's Lands Pl. lxi. 93 (1903), distinguished by the inflorescence up to 25 cm. long, calyx lobes shorter than the tube, and cymules 1–3-flowered; var. densiflora Koorders l.c., with a short uninterrupted inflorescence, and cymules 3–7-flowered, and calyx lobes shorter than the tube; var. salicina Koorders l.c. with the inflorescence thin and interrupted, and calyx lobes as long as the tube.

34. B. Neemda Buch.-Ham. ex Roxb. Fl. Ind. ed. Carey et Wall. i. 411 (1820); Benth. Scroph. Ind. 43 (1835); Benth. in DC. Prodr.

x. 446 (1846); Bot. Mag. t. 6323.

N.W. HIMALAYA. Punjab: Dehra Dun, April 1834, Jamieson 507; on river banks in the Punjab plain, 300–1200 m., Oct. 1846, Thomson; River Dak, Husa, March 20, 1871, Aitchison 491; Hurroo, March 24, 1872, Aitchison 1094; Gurdaspur, 2000 m., March 8, 1885, Drummond 1713; Thakor, March 1885, Nanak in Herb. Drummond 1714; dry hillside near Abbottabad, "only seen in one place as yet," Feb. 1902, Barritt 66 in Herb. Drummond 21972, without precise locality, Drummond 25488; small shrub, white, scented, Gurdaspur, Feb. 6, 1917, R. R. Stewart 1056.

This species is very different from the type of the preceding species in the much larger flowers with wide corolla tube and lobes spreading to a diameter of 5-8 mm. instead of small and erect. They have been united by most authors. B. asiatica has a more southern and eastern distribution, but in parts of India and China some forms approach this species and it is possible that natural hybrids occur. On the other hand the present species resembles some forms of B. polystachya, which may be distinguished by its tomentose ovary.

35. **B. Davidii** Franch. in Nouv. Arch. Mus. Paris, Sér. 2, x. 65 (1887-88).—B. variabilis Hemsl. in Journ. Linn. Soc., Bot. xxvi. 120 (1889). Tibet. Kam: without precise locality, Aug. 1, 1893, Potanin.

SZECHUAN. Mt. Omei, Faber 604 and 606; Tatsien-lu, July 13, 1893, Potanin; without precise locality, Aug. 7, 1893, Potanin; Mao chou, Aug. 27, 1893, Potanin; Tatsien-lu, 1893, Soulié 778 and 919; mountains, S. Wushan, bush of 1.5 m., flowers purple, July 1900, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 1347; Min Valley, 1950 m., bush of 60–120 cm., flowers purple, Aug. 1903, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 4120, Mt. Omei, July 1904, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 5039, and Aug. 1904, 5038; bush 1–2 m., flowers purple, side of streams, Mupin, 2300 m., Aug. 1908, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 3349; Hsien, 1300–2000 m., bush 2 m. high, flowers rose purple, side of streams West of and near Wen-ch'uan, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 3350.

Hupeh. Ichang without precise locality, A. Henry 156, 1069, 2351, 3110a, 3110b, 4166a; Nanto and mountains to northward A. Henry 2060, 2668; Patung, shrub of 3 m. spreading with lilac flowers, A. Henry 7008; W. Hupeh, without precise locality, July 1900, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 1347, 1347a; Patung mountains, bush 1.5 m. high, flowers purple, Aug. 1900, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 1569; hills, Ichang, bush 1 m. high, flowers purple, Oct. 1900, E. H. Wilson 1738; by the side of streams north and south of Ichang, 1300–2000 m., bush 1-2.5 m. high, flowers purple, Aug. and Sept. 1907, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 613a; thickets, Hsing-shan Hsien, 1300–2300 m., bush 1.5–2 m. high, flowers purple;

Aug. and Oct. 1907, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 3347.

var. alba Rehd. & Wils. in Sargent Pl. Wilson. i. 568 (1913). W. Szechuan. Lugan Fa, Tu-ti-liang-shan, 1800 m., Oct. 1910, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 4638. Distinguished by the white flowers.

var. magnifica Rehd. & Wils. in Sargent Pl. Wilson. i. 567 (1913). W. SZECHUAN. Lugan Fu, Tu-ti-liang-shan, 1800 m., bush 2-2.5 m. high, flowers violet purple, Aug. 1910, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 4639.

W. Hupeh. Without precise locality, June, 1900, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 1249; Hsing-shan Hsien, in thickets 1600-2300 m., flowering specimen only, bush 2 m. high, flowers vinous purple fragrant, July 1907, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 613 proparte; side of streams, Patung Hsien, bush 1.5-2.5 m. high, flowers

rosy-purple, fragrant, Aug. 1907, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 3346.

Distinguished by the very large dense-flowered inflorescence and the margin of the corolla lobes reflexed.

var. superba Rehd. & Wils. in Sargent Pl. Wilson. i. 568 (1913).

W. Hupeh. Side of streams, Hsing-shan Hsien, 1600-2300 m., fruiting specimens only, Oct. 1907, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 613 pro parte.

Distinguished by the extremely dense flowers with flat corolla lobes which are fimbriate but with margins not reflexed. This exceedingly polymorphic species has been cultivated extensively, and several other varieties founded on habit, time of flowering, etc. are known to the author from garden material only.

36. **B. Delavayi** Gagnepain in Lecomte, Not. Syst. ii. 190, 193 (1912).—B. glabrescens W. W. Sm. in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. ix. 85 (1916).

Yunnan. Oha-pin-keou, in a wood, Aug. 7, 1889, Delavay 3939; open situations amongst scrub at the North end of the Chien-Chuan Valley, lat. 27° N., 2400–2700 m., shrub of 1·5–3 m., flowers very deep blue-lavender, throat and tube tinged rose, fragrant, May 1914, G. Forrest 12433; on the Chungtien plateau, lat. 27° 30′ N., 3000 m., July 1914, G. Forrest 12753; in open scrub on the Shweli-Salween divide, lat. 25° 30′ N., 3000–3400 m., shrub of 2 m., flowers lilac-rose, fragrant, May 1917, G. Forrest 15664; amongst scrub by streams, N'Maikha-Salween divide lat. 26° 30′ N., 2400 m., shrub of 2–3 m., flowers rose-lavender? faded when collected, July 1919, G. Forrest 18199.

37. **Buddleja hastata** *Prain* ms., sp. nov.; ex affinitate *B. agathosmae* Diels et *B. tibeticae* W. W. Sm. sed limbo corollae ad 1 cm. diametro calyce 9 mm. longo distinctissima.

Shrub. Branches terete, densely tomentose. Leaves hastate, 15–20 cm. long including the winged petiole, 4–6 cm. wide, apex acute, margin crenate-dentate, upper and lower surfaces clothed with a thin tomentum. Stipules auriculate. Inflorescence terminal and axillary, with the flowers in very dense subglobose whorls 3–4 cm. in diameter. Bracts numerous, densely tomentose, linear-lanceolate, up to 2·5 cm. in length. Flowers very large. Calyx densely tomentose, tube 5 mm. long, lobes 4 linear subobtuse 4 mm. long. Corolla glabrous; tube 8–10 mm. long, 1·5 mm. wide; lobes 4 broadly obovate or suborbicular 4 mm. long, 3–4 mm. wide. Stamens 4, inserted just above the middle of the corolla tube, anthers subsessile scarcely 1·5 mm. long. Ovary tomentose; style short, tomentose below. Fruit not seen.

S. TIBET. Between Gyantse and Phari, July-Sept. 1904 (Tibet Frontier Commission), H. J. Walton.

A barren specimen from the Kyichu valley, 15 miles east of Lhasa, also collected by Capt. Walton, probably belongs to this species.

38. B. agathosma Diels in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. v. 248

(1912).

YUNNAN. On exposed cliffs to the west of Yunnan fu, 2400 m., shrub of 1.5-3 m., flowers purplish lavender, very fragrant, Feb. 1905, G. Forrest 593.

var. glandulifera Marquand, var. nov.; a typo differt corolla

extus glandulis sessilibus dense vestita.

Yunnan. In thickets on dry slopes on the Yang-Dza Shan, Mekong-Salween divide, lat. 28° 18′ N., long. 98° 43′ E., 2400-2700 m., shrub of 1-2 m., flowers deep violet-lilac, fragrant, May 1921, G. Forrest 20143.

This is a rather well-marked variety distinguished by the corolla

being clothed with sessile glands on the outside.

39. **B. salviifolia** Lam. Encycl. i. 513.—B. aurantiaco-maculata Gilg. in Engl. Jahrb. xxx. 377 (1901). Lantana salviifolia Linn. Syst. ed. x. 1116 (1759).

NYASALAND. Zomba 1800-2100 m., Sept. 1859 Kirk; Zomba Plateau 1500 m., Sept. 5, 1895, A. Whyte; without precise locality, J. Buchanan 654; Nyika Plateau, 1800-2100 m., June 1896, A. Whyte; Nachari, 2400 m., Sept. 1902, J. McClounie; Kondowe

to Karonga, 600-1800 m., July 1896, A. Whyte 365.

Rhodesia. Melsetter District; 1800 m., "a shrub with very strongly mignonette-scented whitish flowers," Sept. 21, 1906, C. F. M. Swynnerton 609 and Sept. 23, 1906, 675; Imyanga, Aug. 1920, J. S. Henkel in Herb. Eyles 2590. Umtali District; Vumba mountains, in forest at "Cloudlands" 1600–1700 m., July 8, 1927, "tree 5 m., flowers lilac," E. E. Galpin 9256.

TANGANYIKA. Langenburg District; Rungwe mountains, Oct. 25,

1910, flowers light reddish-brown, A. Stolz 379.

PORTUGUESE EAST AFRICA. Massekessi District; Vumba mountain, shrub 0.6-2 m., flowers lilac, Aug. 1911, M. T. Dawe 388.

SOUTH AFRICA:—Western Region: Clanwilliam Div.; Wupperthal, 1836, Drège 699c; Bull. Hoek. 150 m., Aug. 2, 1896 Schlechter 8373. Middelburg Div.; Sneeuwberg lower and middle slopes, Dec. II, 1910, bush of I-I:5 m., Pearson and Pillans (Percy Sladen

Memorial Expedition) 5806.

Coastal Region: Bedford Div.; near Bedford, Mrs. Hutton; Stockenstrom Div.; Kat Bey, Henry Hutton; Caledon Div.; Zwarb Berg, Zeyher 3526; Caledon, Oct. I, 1846, Prior; and Jan. 22, 1894, Otto Kuntze; George Div., about the source of the Keurbooms River in Long Kloof March 20, 1914, Burchell 5077; in the wood under the mountain, George, Aug. 6, 1847, Prior; on the hill near George, 300 m., March 27, 1893, Schlechter 2418; between Gauritz River and Long Kloof, 1836, Ecklon & Zeyher 1328; Knysna Div.; Kaatjes Kraal, near Yzer Nek, March 30, 1814, Burchell 5202, between Keurbooms River and Biton River, April 10, 1814, Burchell 5284; Uitenhage Div.; between Galgebosch and Melk River, Feb. 17,

1814, Burchell 4766; banks of the Zwartkops River, Zeyher 461; valley of Zwartkops River, Dec. 30, 1847, Prior; Port Elizabeth Div.; Algoa Bay, Dec. 1847, Prior; Humansdorp Div., Karedoun

Pass 300 m., March 1926, H. C. Fourcade 3221.

Central Region: Somerset Div.; on Bosch Berg, erect shrub of 2·5-3 m., June II, 1813, Burchell 3226; (Mrs.) Barber 8; 1100 m., MacOwan 927; Queenstown Div.; near Queenstown, 1860, Cooper 193; Shiloh, Bauer 244 (pro parte); Hangklip mountain 1800-2000 m., 1893, E. E. Galpin 1623; Graaff Reinet Div.; Oude Berg 900-1200 m., Drège; Beaufort West Div.; Nieuwveld mountains, near Beaufort West 900-1500 m., Drège 699a: Albert Div.; without

precise locality 1861, Cooper 697.

Ka'ahari Region: Basutoland; without precise locality 1861, Cooper 695; Lefibé. M. & Mme. Dieterlen 54; Transvaal; Magaliesberg Range, Sept., Burke 376; at the bottom of mountain ravines, Rimer's and other creeks near Barberton, shrub of 1.5-3 m., Sept. 1889, E. E. Galpin 481; Barberton, Sept. 1906, Thorncroft in Trans. Mus. Herb. 2847; Lydenberg Div.; on the sides of streams in the Macamao Gold Fields, June 1874, McLea in Herb. Bolus 467; near Lydenberg and near Spitzkop, Aug. 1887, Wilms 1027; Lydenberg May 1915, Rogers 14687; Pretoria, July 20, 1904, (Miss) Leendertz 187; Rustenberg Div.; 1300 m., Aug. 1904, without precise locality, Miss Pegler in Herb. Nation. 296; near river at Krondaal, 1300 m., Sept. 1905, Miss Nation 344; Zoutpansberg Div., without precise locality, Dec. 20, 1909, W. C. Worsdell; Pretoria, The Fountains, Oct. 1903, J. Burtt Davy 2357; Forest near Pilgrim's Rest, May 1905, Grenfell 864.

Eastern Region: Tembuland: Umtata Div.; Transkei, Bazeia, Baur 244; Pondoland; between St. John's River and Umtsibeaba River, Drège; Natal, summit of Table Mountain, 1840, Krauss 447; banks of the River Umtwalumi, Gerrard 1850, and without precise locality, Gerrard 1211; Mont-aux-Sources, hillside and flats as pioneer scrub in the Lugela Valley, very common 1500 m. Feb. 15, 1926, B. McLean 84; Alexandra Div.; Dumisa, tree of 6 m., 1100 m. Aug. 22, 1911, H. Rudatis 1442; Van Reenen,

1500-1800 m. Nov. 5, 1894, J. Medley Wood 5491.

40. B. crispa Benth. Scroph, Ind. 43 (1835); Wall. Cat. 6404.

BALUCHISTAN. Chihil Tan and Zahree, 1851, J. E. Stocks 867: Urak, June 1886, Lace; Larghun, 2300 m., May 4, 1888, Lace 3842; Gustoi May 25, 1897, Harsukh in Herb. Duthie 20591.

AFGHANISTAN. Shaded bank, Otipore, March, Griffith 3744; shrub of 2-3 m. through the whole Kuram valley, 1879, Aitchison

189; same locality, Harsukh in Herb. Duthie 14921.

N. W. HIMALAYA. Without locality, Wallich 6404; 1200-2100 m., Thomson. Waziristan, Shakai, 1800-2100 m., April 30, 1895, Duthie 15686; Hazara, Kagan Valley 2200 m., May 18, 1896, Inayat in Herb. Duthie 19942a; Simla, 2100 m., Thomson; 1200-2100 m., 1844, Edgeworth; April 15, Lady Dalhousie; Elysium Hill

2100 m. April 21, 1877, Gamble 4145a, 4145c; March, Collett; stony places at the foot of the mountain, Krol between Kasauli and Simla 600 m., April 13, 1885, Drummond 2802; Ladies Mile, Jako, Simla, May 30, 1902, Bourne 3719; Kumaon Laharkot, 1800 m., Strachey & Winterbottom I; Almorah 1600–2200 m. Madden; Punjab, Dalhousie Road above Donera, 900 m. Feb. 22, 1917, R. R. Stewart 1268a; Dharmcot, Dharmsala 2400 m. May 18, 1917, R. R. Steward 1867.

BHUTAN. Griffith 1009, 2446.

41. **B. caryopteridifolia** W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. viii. 179 (1914).

Yunnan. Open situations on the Tong Shan in the Yangtze bend, lat. 27° 20′ N., 3000 m., shrub of 1·5–2 m., flowers pale lavender, Sept. 1913, G. Forrest 11016; east of Likiang, 1450–2100 m., flowers violet, July 3, 1914, Handel-Mazzetti 3405; open, dry situations on the Yung-peh mountains, lat. 26° 40′ N., 2400 m., shrub of 1·5 m., flowers pale lilac-rose, fragrant, Aug. 1917, G. Forrest 15311; amongst rocks in dry situations on the Leilung Shan, lat. 28° 12′ N., 3000 m., shrub of 60–120 cm., flowers grey, fragrant, Sept. 1917, G. Forrest 15317; in thickets on dry bouldery hillsides on the hills around Yung-peh, lat. 26° 40′ N., long. 100° 45′ E., 1500–1800 m., shrub of 1·5 m., flowers fragrant, rose-lavender, July 1921, G. Forrest 21188; dry stony hillsides amongst scrub on the Chien-Chuan—Mekong divide, lat. 26° 30′ N., long. 99° 40′ E., shrub of 60–120 m., flowers, exterior grey, interior violet-lavender, fragrant, 2700–3000 m., Aug. 1922, G. Forrest 23238.

var. **eremophila** Marquand.—B. eremophila W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. viii. 179 (1914).

YUNNAN. Arid regions above the Yangtze, 3000 m., compact dwarf shrub of 30-60 cm., May 1913, F. Kingdon Ward 304; above the Yangtze between Yungpeh and Likiang 1800 m., July 3, 1914, C. Schneider 1736; near Ndaku, lat. 27° 20' N., 1750-2250 m., Aug. 1, 1914, Handel-Mazzetti 4389; dry stony pasture on the Muli mountains, valley of the Litang, lat. 28° 12' N., 3000 m., shrub of 0.5-1 m., flowers dull rose, exterior grey, June 1918, G. Forrest 16258; open situations in thickets, Muli mountains, lat. 28° 12' N., 3000 m., shrub of 1.5 m., flowers deep blue lavender, Oct. 1918, G. Forrest 19139. 18687; dry stony slopes and amongst rocks on the Bey-ti Shan, lat. 27° 45' N., long. 100° 18' E., 2100 m., stunted shrub of 30-60 cm., flowers soft bluish-rose, fragrant, July 1921, G. Forrest 20543; open dry situations amongst scrub on the divide between the Yangtze and Yungning valleys, lat. 27° 42′ N., long. 100° 30′ E., 1800-2100 m., shrub of 60-90 m., flowers exterior grey, interior purplish-rose, June 1922, G. Forrest 21273; dry hillsides amongst scrub and rock on the hills above Feng-kou, lat. 27° 40' N., long. 100° 26' E., 1800 m., shrub of 1-1.3 m., flowers exterior grey, interior pale lavender, June 1922, G. Forrest 21280.

Though very distinct in its typical form with leaves scarcely 1 cm. long, this is connected with the type of B. caryopteridifolia by a

complete chain of intermediates so that one is forced to consider the whole series as one polymorphic species. In cultivation the species exhibits a very wide range of variation. Of the specimens enumerated above, Handel-Mazzetti 4389 is almost exactly equidistant between the type and variety.

var. lanuginosa Marquand, var. nov.; a typo differt foliis

utrinque dense lanuginosis corollae tubo ad 1.5 mm. lato.

Yunnan. Open dry, stony pasture, Muli mountains, lat. 28° 12' N., 3000 m., shrub of 60-90 cm., flowers deep, soft rose, exterior white, fragrant, Aug. 1918, G. Forrest 16639; dry bouldery slopes on the hills, north of Yungpeh, lat. 26° 40' N., long. 100° 45' E., 2400 m., shrub of 60-90 cm., flowers fragrant, exterior grey, interior rose-lavender, Aug. 1921, G. Forrest 21175.

This is a rather distinct variety with wider corollas than the type. The young stems and leaves are clothed with a very thick tomentum.

42. B. brachystachya Diels in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. v. 249 (1912).

YUNNAN. In dry exposed situations amongst rocks, on the descent from the Lu-po pass to the Salween, Mekong-Salween divide, lat. about 27° N., 2100-2400 m., dwarf shrub of 30-45 cm., flowers lavender colour and fragrant, G. Forrest 1076.

43. B. nana W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. viii. 126 (1913).

Yunnan. Moist open situations on the divide between the Shayang and Chu-tong valleys, lat. 25° 20' N., 2000 m., dwarf shrub of 30-60 m., flowers greyish-lavender, April 1910, G. Forrest

44. B. auriculata Benth. in Hook. Comp. Bot. Mag. ii. 60 (1836).

S. Africa:—Coastal Region: Fort Beaufort Div., Winterberg 1836, Ecklon (flowers white, yellow in the throat); Stockenstrom Div., Chumie Berg, 1836, Ecklon; Katberg, Henry Hutton; Klarf, summit of the Katberg, May 1869, J. Shaw; Katberg, 1200 m., R. Baur 874.

Central Region: Somerset Div., near Somerset, on Bosch Berg, May 29, 1813, Burchell 3157; and June 1813, Burchell 3179; Griqualand East, Maclear Div., Potrivers Berg, wooded kloof

1700 m., March 20, 1904, E. E. Galpin 6771.

Kalahari Region: Transvaal: Barberton. I. Thorncroft 4343; Pietersburg, "The Downs," 1500 m., July 1917, F. A. Rogers 20167.

Eastern Region: Xalanga Div., Cala, hillside near Bushman's painting, 1200 m., March 29, 1910, Alice Pegler 1741.

var. euryifolia Prain & Cummins in Dyer Fl. Cap. iv. II. 1048. S. Africa:—Kalahari Region: Transvaal: Rimer's Creek, Barberton, 900 m., shrub of 1.5-2.5 m., corolla tube orange, limb pale lilac, July 1890, E. E. Galpin 970; in abandoned Kaffir Kraals near Lydenberg, June 1889, F. Wilms 1030; Sabie Lock, near Pilgrim's Rest, Aug. 1904, J. Burtt Davy 2437; Waterval Boven, June 10, 1905, F. A. Rogers 984; shrub of 1-2 m., Mount Fletcher, J. R. Sims 2536.

Eastern Region: Natal: Tugela River, Gerrard 1967; Griqualand East; near Kokstad, in Umzimhlava Woods 1200 m., May

1883, Tyson 1287.

This variety is distinguished from the type of the species in the leaves being densely pubescent on the under surface with the nerves and veins deeply impressed.

45. **B. heliophila** W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. viii. 126 (1913).

Yunnan. Open, sunny situations along the base of the eastern flank of the Tali Range, lat. 25° 40′ N., 2100–2400 m., shrub of 1–2 m., flowers soft magenta rose shading to crimson at base, July 1910, G. Forrest 6796; shrub of 1·2–1·6 m., corolla-tube lavender-rose, limb lavender, throat deep red orange, fragrant; open scrub in dry situations on the Langkong Ho-Ching divide, lat. 26° 16′ N., 2400 m., May 1913, G. Forrest 9984; open scrub in dry situations on the Langkong divide, lat. 26° 16′ N., 2400–2700 m., shrub of 2–2·5 m., flowers, tube bluish-rose, limb pale soft blue, May 1913, G. Forrest 9988; open thickets on the western flank of the Tali Range, lat. 25° 40′ N., 3000 m., shrub of 1·5–2 m., flowers rose-lavender, fragrant, June 1917, G. Forrest 15622.

var. angustifolia Marquand, var. nov.; a typo differt foliis

anguste lanceolatis acuminatis calvee pubescente.

Yunnan. In open thickets by streams and on the margins of forests, Shweli-Salween divide, lat. 25° 20′ N., long. 98° 56′ E., 2700-3000 m., shrub 2-3 m. high, flowers soft greyish rose, strongly fragrant, April 1924, G. Forrest 24069.

This variety is distinguished by the thin narrow leaves, acuminate

at the apex, and the sparse hairs on the calvx.

var. pubescens Marquand, var. nov.; foliis ovato-lanceolatis

calyce pubescente a typo differt.

Yunnan. Dry scrubby banks on the margins of pine forests on the hills around Beta-pu, lat. 25° 30′ N., long. 99° 48′ E., 2400–2900 m., shrub of I–I·5 m., flowers pure pale soft rose-pink, drying purplish, fragrant, April 1921, G. Forrest 19357; dry banks amongst scrub on the margins of pine forests on the hills between Tai-ping-pu and Yangpi, lat. 25° 36′ N., long. 99° 54′ E., 2100–2400 m., shrub of I·5–2 m., flowers rose-pink to soft lavender, fragrant, April 1922, G. Forrest 21121.

In this variety the leaves scarcely differ from the type of the

species but the calyx is only sparsely hairy, not tomentose.

B. officinalis Maxim. in Bull. Acad. Pétersb. xxvi. 496 (1893).
 SZECHUAN. Ya-chon, April 5, 1893, Potanin.

Hupeh. Ichang Gorge, River Yangtze, Maries: Ichang, shrub in glens, etc., early in the year, A. Henry 1117, 1291, 1447, 1527, 3110, 7884; Ichang, shrub of 1-2.5 m., flowers lavender, on cliffs, etc. March 16, 1900, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 155, 155a; Ichang cliffs, etc., 300-600 m., March 24, 1908, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 4005.

KWEI-CHOW. River Yangtze, without precise locality, E. Faber

605.

Yunnan. Flowers lilac, Red River, 3000 m., A. Henry 9749.

47. **B. acutifolia** C. H. Wright, in Kew. Bull. 1896, 24.—B. lavandulacea Kränzl. in Engl. Jahrb. i. Beibl. 111, 42 (1913). B. Mairei Lévl. in Fedde Repert. xiii. 258 (1914).

BHUTAN. Griffith 2444 (Kew. Distr. No. 3745).

Burma. Sadon, 2000 m., flowers white, Feb. 1900. Shaik Mokim 63; Bhamo District, Sinlum Kaba, 1500–1800 m., April 11, 1912, Lace 5779; Myitkyina district, Lankkaung 1300 m., April 23, 1929,

Su Koe in Herb. Parkinson 9117.

Yunnan. Very common in hedges and wastes, Mengtze, flowers lavender, fragrant, March 1893, Hancock 143; Szemao, February, Bons d' Anty 3; Mengtze, 1400 m. shrub 2 m. to tree 5 m., flowers lavender, A. Henry 10178; forests on mountains east of Szemao, 1500 m., shrub of 3 m., with lilac flowers, A. Henry 11619; hills Tai-pou, 2500 m., large shrub with lavender flowers, E.E. Maire 467; Mo-tsou, 600 m., E. E. Maire (sine numero); without precise locality, E. E. Maire 2487; generally in dry situations, common from Yunnan fu to Talifu, 2000-2700 m., shrub of 1-2.5 m., flowers white with lavender centre, fragrant, Feb. 1905, G. Forrest 2; open situations, hills to the south of Tengyueh, lat. 25° N., 1800-2100 m., shrub of 3 m., flowers interior creamy white, exterior pale purplish, fragrant, Feb. 1913, G. Forrest 9550; amongst scrub in open situations, south end of Kau-guai Valley, lat. 24° 30' N., 900 m., shrub of 2-3 m., flowers, tube dull lavender rose, limb buff, throat orange red, fragrant, Jan. 1913, G. Forrest 9494; Yunnan fu, shrub of 2.5 m., flowers white with orange throat, Feb. 8, 1914, C. Schneider 45; between Ssiao-ma-kai and Schin lun, flowers white within, lilac outside, March 9, 1914, C. Schneider 302; 1900 m., tall shrub roadsides and walls, April 20, 1916, O. Schoch 41; Schneider 361.

KWEI-CHOW. Pin-fa, April 1907, J. Cavalerie 3097, 8082, 8140. KWANG-SI. On hills and glens Lungchow, shrub of 60-90 cm., flowers lavender, Morse 278; Lungchow, shrub of I-I·5 m., flowers white, orange throat, Morse 466, 467.

48. **B. myriantha** Diels in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. v. 250 (1912).—B. asiatica var. stipulata Gagnep. in Lecomte Not. Syst. ii. 189 (1912) (nomen nudum).

UPPER BURMA. In thickets of the lower ridges of the N'Maikha-Salween divide, lat. 27° 17′ N., long. 98° 46′ E., 2700 m., shrub of 1.5–2 m., flowers purple or soft rose-lavender, fragrant, July 1925, G. Forrest 27055, 27536.

S.E. Tibet. Tsarong: dry situations on the margins of thickets on the Salween—Kiu-chiang divide, lat. 28° 40′ N., long. 98° 15′ E., shrub of 2–2·5 m., flowers soft rose-lavender, fragrant, July 1919,

G. Forrest 19235.

Yunnan. Above Tali at the foot of the Sang Shan, Sept. 25, 1888, Delavay 3627; without precise locality, Ducloux 444; dry open situations on the borders of pine woods, western slopes of the Isen Shen range, Yang-pi pass, lat. 25° 40′ N., 2100–2700 m., shrub of 2–3 m., flowers dull purple, Sept. 1905, G. Forrest 912; at the foot of the mountain near Tali fu, 2500 m., shrub of 1.5 m., flowers pale violet, Aug. 1914, C. Schneider 2503; in open thickets by streams on the Mekong-Salween divide, lat. 27° 36′ N., long. 98° 56′ E., 2400-2700 m., shrub of 2–4 m., flowers dull rose, hispid white exterior, fragrant, July 1921, G. Forrest 19804.

KWEI-CHOW. Shrub with white flowers, J. Esquirol 581.

Note. This species is very closely allied to the Szechuan species B. alata (No. 28).

49. B. Fallowiana Balf. fil. & W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. x. 15 (1917).—B. macrostachya Benth. var. yunnanensis

Diels in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. vii. 145 (1912).

Yunnan. Dry stony situations along base of the eastern flank of the Lichiang Range, lat. 27° 12′ N., 2700 m., branched shrub of 2-4 m., flowers rich lavender, throat of corolla orange, fragrant, with an odour resembling vanilla, July 1906, G. Forrest 2599; by streams at the north end of the Lichiang Plain, lat. 27° 20' N., 2700 m., shrub of 1.5-3 m., flowers soft lavender, throat orange, fragrant, July 1910, G. Forrest 6047; stony situations by streams on the eastern flank of the Lichiang Range, lat. 27° 30' N. 2700-3000 m., shrub of 1-1.5 m., flowers lavender, throat orange, strongly fragrant, Aug. 1910, G. Forrest 6285; Lichiang Range, lat. 27° 15' N., 2500-3000 m., July 1913, G. Forrest 10591; shrub of 2 m., flowers lilac. Ngu leh-keh in the neighbourhood of Lichiang, 3000 m., July 29, 1914, C. Schneider 2054; at the foot of the snow clad mountains near Lichiang, 3000 m., Aug. 6, 1914, C. Schneider 3399; open pasture on the hills around Tengyueh, lat. 25° N., 1800 m., compact shrub of 1-1.5 m., flowers fragrant, very dark rose-lavender, May 1919, G. Forrest 17790; open thickets by streams on the N. W. flank of the Lichiang Range, lat. 27° 20' N., long. 100° 10' E., 3000 m., shrub of 1.5-2.5 m., flowers fragrant, soft lavender-purple, Aug. 1922, G. Forrest 23179.

There are several forms of this species in cultivation differing

slightly in flower colour.

50. B. candida Dunn in Kew. Bull. 1920, 134.

EASTERN HIMALAYA. Outer Abor Hills, low bushes scattered in the sward, Sidi river mouth and opposite Yambung on the north side of the Dihang, Burkill 37631; Tsangpo gorge, Gompa Ne, on cliffs and rocks in open sunny places in the river bed and up the

bracken and grass clad slopes above, 1500 m., shrub of 2–3 m. with very flannelly whitish leaves and small racemes of violet flowers, Dec. 9, 1924, F. Kingdon Ward 6372; Dihang valley, Abor Hills, small shrub 2·5–3 m. high, leaves flannelly, the young shoots with a matt bronzy look, on rocks in the bed of the river, above flood level, growing in almost pure sand, 300 m., flowers probably quite small, in long spikes, Feb. 13, 1928, F. Kingdon Ward 7863.

51. **B. stenostachya** Rehder & Wilson in Sargent Pl. Wilson. i. 565 (1913).

SZECHUAN. Flowers pale purple, thickets Mupin, 1200-2400 m., Oct. 1908, E. H. Wilson (Arn. Arb. Exped.) 1351.

52. **B. tibetica** W. W. Smith in Rec. Bot. Surv. Ind. iv. 270 (1911).— B. Whitei Kränzl. in Engl. Jahrb. 1. Beibl. 111, 46 (1913).

Tibet. Llalung valley, 3400 m., June 10, 1906, J. C. White 72.

var. Farreri Marquand.—B. Farreri Balf. fil. & W. W. Smith in Notes Roy. Bot. Gard. Edin. ix. 84 (1916).

Kansu. Arid places crevices, walls and banks; Ha Shui fang, Siku, Feng S'an Ling, and at the edge of the subalpine coppice below Chago, Sha-Tan-yu valley on the borders of the province, bush of 1.5-2 m., May 8, 1914, Farrer & Purdom 44.

SZECHUAN. Arid places 3400 m., shrub of 1.5 m. (without precise locality), July 1904, E. H. Wilson (Veitch Exped.) 4122: Wen chuan hsien near Scha pei, 1600–1700 m., April 26, 1914, Limpricht 1310.

var. grandiflora Marquand in Journ. Linn. Soc., Bot. xlviii, 202 (1929).

Tibet. Tsela Dzong, varying much in size and habit, scrubby thick bushes only 30–60 cm. high on the open rocky sun-scorched face of the mountain, to a large thick bush or tree in villages and by streams in more sheltered situations, "flowers lilac, purple, or almost white with orange eye, leaves variable, covered with silver or golden fur," 2700–3000 m., May 22, 1924, F. Kingdon Ward 5693; Tsangpo valley below Tsetang, small scraggy tree or large untidy bush up to 4–6 m. high, flowers bright purple with deep orange eye, fragrant, no leaves yet showing, 3000–3400 m., April 29, 1924. F. Kingdon Ward 5635.

var. truncatifolia Marquand.—B. truncatifolia Lévl. in Fedde

Repert. xiii. 342 (1914).

Yunnan. Brittle shrub with white woolly leaves, flowers pink, Kiao-tche-keou, 2550 m., E. E. Maire (sine numero); valley of Tche-ka, 2500 m., large shrub, branches white, leaves cottony, flowers violet, rare, May (sine anno) E. E. Maire 376; open thickets on the western flank of the Tali Range, lat. 25° 40′ N., 300 m., shrub of 2–3 m. foliage only, Aug. 1913, G. Forrest 11528; Oua-gai-tchai, 2500 m., large bushy shrub, leaves and young branches white tomentose, flowers bluish-violet, hedges, E. E. Maire 329.

var. **glandulifera** *Marquand*, var. nov.; a typo differt paniculis lateralibus ad 9 cm. longis 4 cm. latis corolla extus glandulis sessilibus dense vestita.

Yunnan. Open dry situations on the Chungtien plateau, lat. 27° 45' N., 3400 m., shrub of 1.5-3 m., flowers greenish-rose,

fragrant, June 1917, G. Forrest 13871.

This is a very well marked variety. The inflorescences are much larger and less compact than the type and the exterior of the corolla is glandular.

# Key to the varieties of B. tibetica.

Exterior of the corolla eglandular:

Branchlets tetragonous; flower 6–8 mm. long......tibetica (type) Branchlets terete; flower usually exceeding 10 mm. in length:

Panicle (up to 20 cm. long, 15 cm. wide) branches spreading at right angles; corolla glabrescent on the exterior...var. Farreri Panicle lateral compact (up to 5 cm. long, 3 cm. wide); corolla tomentose on the exterior:

Leaves cordate at the base; petiole not winged; nerves conspicuous on the underside......var. grandiflora.

Leaves truncate at the base; petiole winged; nerves hidden by the very dense tomentum....var. truncatifolia.

Exterior of the corolla glandular....var. glandulifera.

## Index of species and synonyms.

acosma 13; acuminata 29; acuminatissima 33; acutifolia 47; adenantha 14; agathosma 38; alata 28; albiflora 18; alternifolia 3; amentacea 2; asiatica 33; asiatica var. stipulata 48; aurantiaco-maculata 39; auriculata 44.

brachystachya 42.

candida 50; carnea 9; caryopteridifolia 41; Colvilei 15; Cooperi 32; crispa 40; curviflora 9; cylindrostachya 24.

Davidii 35; Delavayi 36; discolor 33; Duclouxii 19.

eremophila 41.
Fallowiana 49; Farreri 52; foliata 29; Forrestii 16.
Giraldii 18; glabrescens 36; Griffithii 30; gynandra 1.

Hancockii 27; hastata 37; heliophila 45; Hemsleyana 18; Henryi 27; Hookeri 26.

incompta 13; insignis 7; intermedia 7.

japonica 8.

lanceolata 33; lavandulacea 47; Legendrei 4; limitanea 31; Lindleyana 7; longifolia 20.

macrostachya 25; macrostachya var. Griffithii 30; macrostachya var. yunnanensis 23, 49; Mairei 47; Martii 25; myriantha 48.

nana 43; Neemda 34; nivea 23. officinalis 46.

paniculata 21; polystachya 29; Powellii 29; pulchella 22; Purdomii 11.

salicifolia 7; salicina 33; Saltiana 29; salviifolia 39; serrulata 33; stenostachya 51; subserrata 33.

taliensis 17; tibetica 52; truncatifolia 52; tsetangensis 5. usambarensis 22.

variabilis 35; venenifera 10; virgata 33.

Wardii 6; Whitei 52; Woodii 22.

yunnanensis 12.

## Doubtful species.

- B. acuminata Poir. Encyc. Suppl. i. 745 (1810)—Type (in Herb. Jussieu) not seen. India.
- B. nepalensis Colla in Mem. Acad. Torino, xxxv. 182 (1835) (Hort. Ripul., App. 4, 38). Nepal.
- B. otophylla Hassk. in Versl. en Med. Kon. Akad. Wentensch, v. 97 (1857). The type of this species has not been seen. In the original description it is compared with a Brazilian species.
- B. Poiretii Spreng. Syst. Veg. i. 430 (1825). No specimen seen, origin doubtful.
- B. ternata Lour. Fl. Cochinch. 72 (1790). The type of this species has not been seen, but from the description it is not a species of Buddleja.
- B. truncata Gagnepain in Lecomte, Not. Syst. ii. 187, 192 (1912). No specimen has been seen, but this is stated to differ from B. officinalis Maxim. in the leaves being more bullate, abruptly truncate or cordate at the base and dentate. Collected by Delavay in Yunnan.

## Excluded Species.

- B. diversifolia Vahl. Symb. Bot. iii. 15 (1794).
  - =Nicodemia diversifolia Tenore Cat. Ort. Napol. 88 (1845).
- B. incompta Linn. fil. Suppl. 123 (1781).
  - =Gomphostigma incomptum N.E. Br. in Kew Bull. 1929, 143.
- B. indica Lam. Encyc. i. 513 (1785).
  - = Nicodemia diversifolia Tenore Cat. Ort. Napol. 88 (1845).
- B. madagascarensis Lam. Encyc. i. 513 (1785).
  - =Nicodemia madagascarensis R. N. Parker, Forest Fl. Punjab. ed. 2, 357 (1924).
- B. Missionis Benth. Scroph. Ind. 43 (1835).
  - =Wendlandia Notoniana Wall. ex Wright & Arn. Prod. 403 (1834).
- B. plectranthoidea Lévl. Cat. Pl. Yunnan, 171 (1916).
  - =Leucosceptrum plectranthoideum (Lévl.) Marquand comb.
- B. virgata Linn. fil. Suppl. 123 (1781).
  - =Gomphostigma scoparioides Turcz. in Bull. Soc. Nat. Mosc. xvi. 53 (1843).
  - =Gomphostigma virgatum O. Kuntze Rev. Gen. iii. II. 201 (1893).

In addition to the above, the following Mascarene species are referred to the genus *Nicodemia* for the reason stated in the Introduction:—

B. candelabrum Kränzl. in Engl. Jahrb. l. Beibl. 111, 40 (1913).

B. comorensis Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc. xx. 206 (1884).

B. cuspidata Baker in Kew Bull. 1895. 113.

B. fusca Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc., Bot. xx. 205 (1884).

B. rondeletiaefolia Benth. in DC. Prod. x. 445 (1846).

B. sinuata Willd. ex Roem. & Schult. Syst. Mant. iii. 97 (1827).

B. sphaerocalyx Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc., Bot. xxii 505. (1887).

B. sphaerocephala Baker in Journ. Linn. Soc., Bot. xxi. 425 (1885).